

Implementation of a Clinical Pharmacy Service in a Mental Health Short Stay Unit

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Introduction

- Pharmacists play an important role in reducing hospital readmission by assisting with medication management including medication reconciliation and discharge education
- The Mental Health Short Stay Unit (MHSSU) is an acute, high turnover adult mental health ward without a clinical pharmacist as part of the multi-disciplinary team

Aims

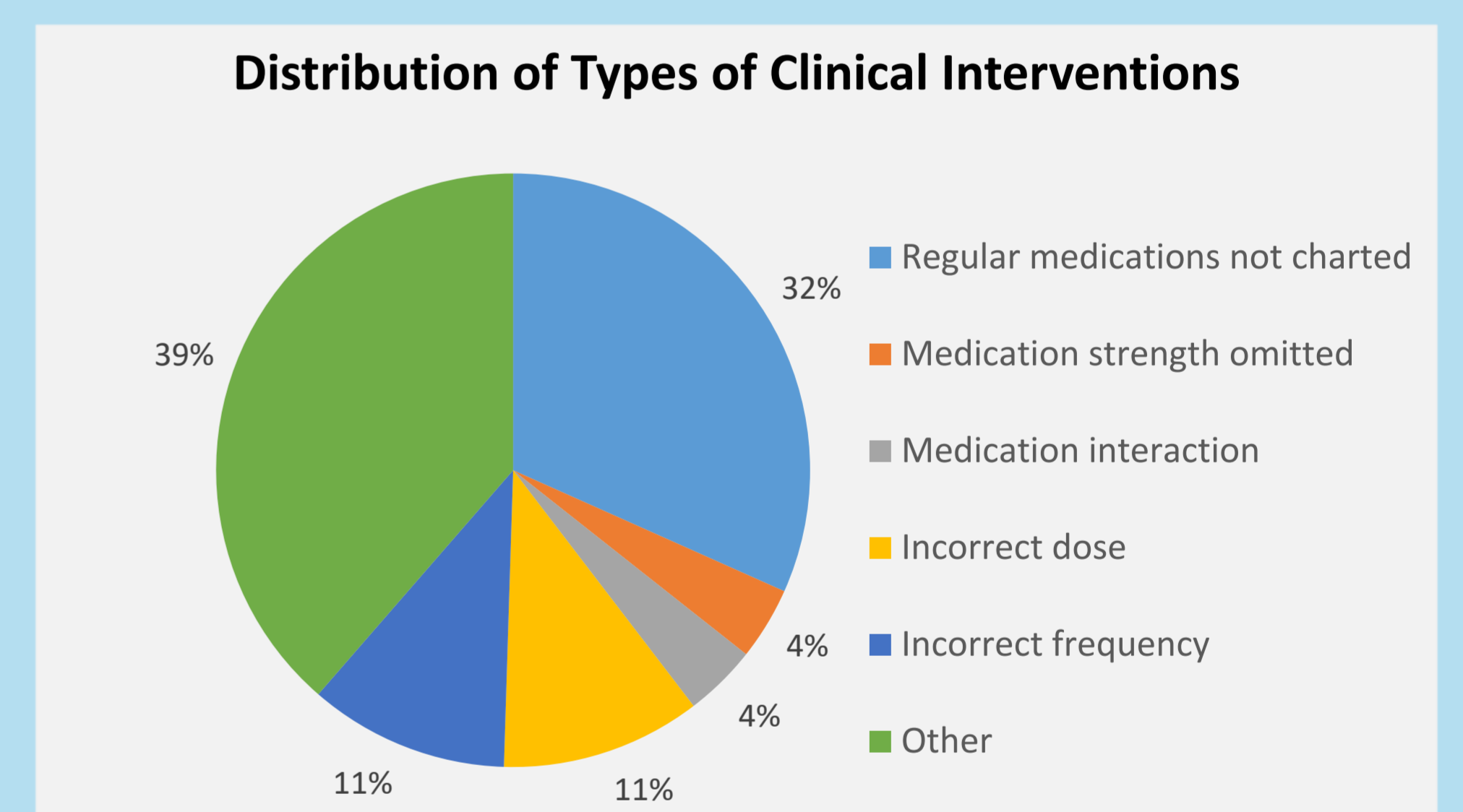
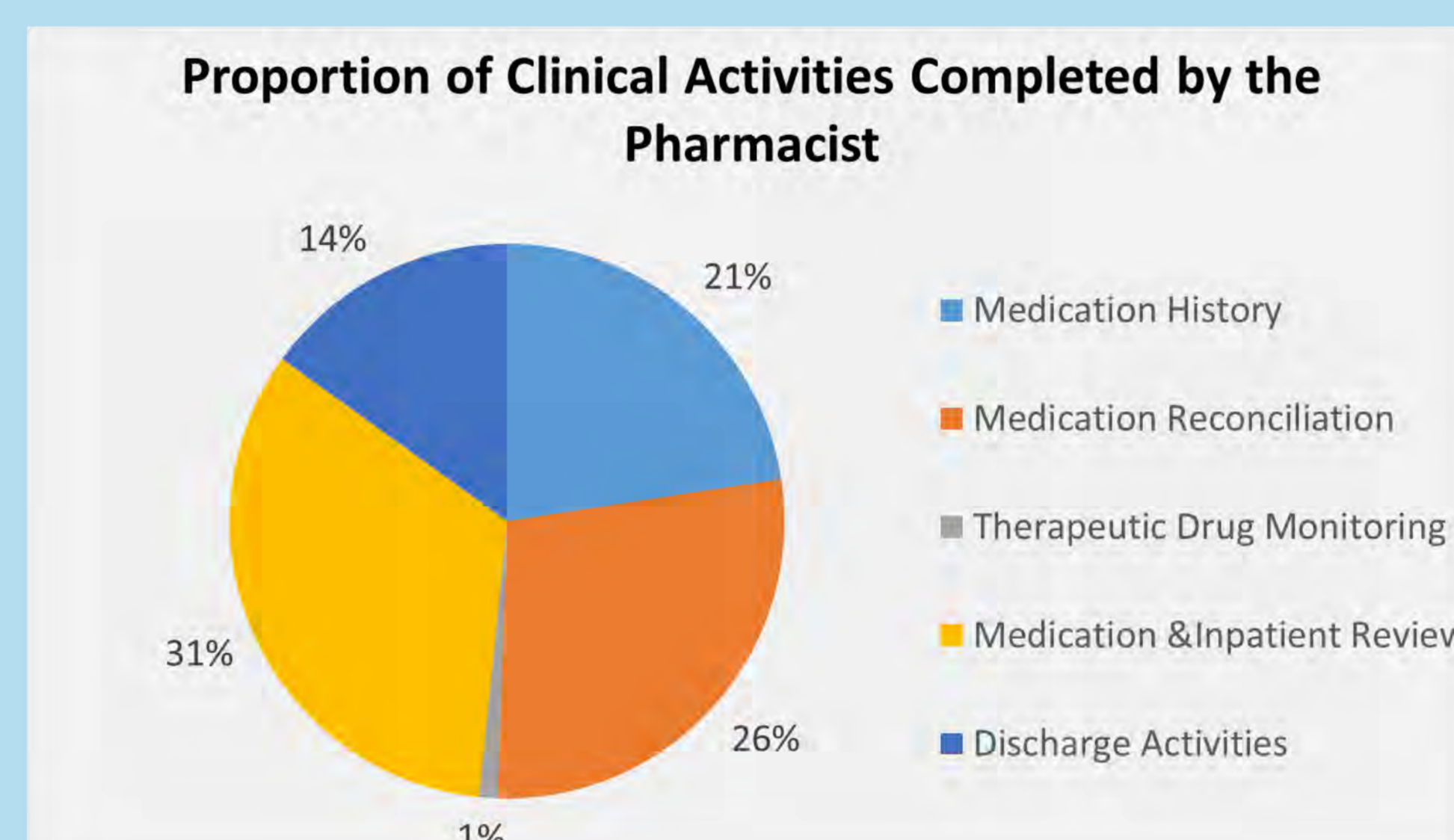
- To implement clinical pharmacist services in the MHSSU
- To analyse types of clinical pharmacy activities performed and quantify clinical interventions
- To perform a service implementation assessment

Method

- A 0.5 full time equivalent (FTE) clinical pharmacy service was implemented in the MHSSU for a trial period of three months
- Activity data was collected for 8 weeks (15 working days) of the trial period
- An online staff satisfaction survey was undertaken

Results

- 39 patients were reviewed and a total of 183 activities were completed
- 100% of patients reviewed had a medication history and reconciliation completed
- 14 clinical interventions were identified for 13 patients at an average of 0.93 interventions per working day
- 100% of recommendations were accepted by the prescriber
- More than 75% of staff responding to the survey rated their satisfaction as high or very high for all clinical activities surveyed



Discussion

- The data shows the important role of the clinical pharmacist in medication management in high turnover mental health wards.
- Medication history and reconciliation proved valuable to identify clinical interventions
- A lower rate of discharge activities was likely due to discharges when the pharmacist was not present
- Staff preference was for service split across 5 half days rather than full alternate days

Conclusion

- A clinical pharmacy service was successfully implemented into the MHSSU
- Ongoing funding is recommended to embed a clinical pharmacist as part of the MHSSU multi-disciplinary team to monitor and promote quality use of medicines

References

- SHPA Committee of Speciality Practice in Mental Health Pharmacy. 2012, "Standards of Practice for Mental Health Pharmacy", *Journal of Pharmacy Practice and Research*, vol.42, no.2, pp. 142-145.
- Finley, P. R., Crismon, M. L., Rush, A. J. 2012, "Evaluating the Impact of Pharmacists in Mental Health: A Systematic Review", *Pharmacotherapy: The Journal of Human Pharmacology and Drug Therapy*, vol. 23, no. 12, pp. 1634-1644
- Australian Commission for Safety and Quality in Health Care. Medication Safety Standard, 2022. Accessible at: [Medication Safety Standard | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://www.sqh.gov.au/standards/medication-safety-standard)

For more information

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Guidelines for use of SA Pharmacy Research Poster Template

This template is intended as a guide only. You will need to adapt the various sections as they apply or do not apply to the work you are presenting.

This is an A0 (841 mm x 1189 mm) size template, as A0 is the most common size required for Australian scientific conferences.

It can be helpful to have a peer from your target audience who is not familiar with your project to provide feedback on your poster prior to printing. Ask for feedback on the clarity of the content, the presentation format and any questions the poster raises.

Converting your file to a PDF prior to forwarding to the printer should prevent any unexpected formatting changes.

- To convert to PDF go to File > Save As > select PDF from the 'Save as type' dropdown menu below the file name > Save.

Blue Header Section

- This section should be used to display your key take home message (do not use all upper case letters)
- The idea is that it is large and simple enough so that conference attendees walking past can look at your poster and come away with the key learning you wish to promote in a very short period of time, without having to read through the additional detail you provide below
- Aim to answer what is the most important/interesting/astounding finding from my research project?

Title, authors and institutions

- The title should be concise and informative
- Authors should be presented in order of contribution to the work, with the senior author being listed last
- The presenting author is usually underlined
- Author names can be included in full or presented as initials and surname

Content

- You do not need to include every aspect of your project
- For most posters you will not require a high level of detail
- Plan out what you would like readers to take away from your poster
- Consider alternatives to text to present your content visually using charts, graphs, images (high resolution only) etc.
 - Remember to include appropriate captions and/or axis labels and keys for any figures included
 - You do not need to repeat results displayed visually in the text
 - Keep the colour scheme simple and consistent, prioritise use of SA Pharmacy colours as per template
 - To match the template colours for text or shading go to the relevant colour selection dropdown, click 'More colours' or 'More fill colours' then move to the 'Custom' tab, use the table above to enter the values for Red, Green and Blue (RGB model)
- Leave blank 'breathing space' around your text/other content
- Your poster should answer the following questions:
 - Why did you undertake this project (introduction/background), what gap does the project address? (rationale/aims)
 - What did you do? (methods) What did you find? (results) What do you recommend? (conclusions)

Colour	Red	Green	Blue
Blue	75	172	233
Dark blue	62	146	203
Light blue	199	227	242
Dark grey	110	111	113
Light grey	224	224	224

RGB colour codes for SA Pharmacy poster template

Text

- Use short dot points to make your content quick and easy for the reader to digest, avoid large blocks of text.
- Text should be clear and to the point, suggested total word count should fall between 300 – 500 words
- Left justify text, using fully justified text is more difficult to read
- Methods may be better presented with a flow chart or similar, instead of text

Acknowledgements

- You may wish to acknowledge funding sources and participants or others (e.g. students, colleagues) who have contributed to data collection or other aspects of your project whom do not meet the criteria for authorship

References

- References may or may not be required, for many conferences they are not essential

Black Footer Bar

- Please include your work contact details so that readers can contact you if they would like to discuss further. Usually your name and an email address is sufficient.
- Social media icons can be used to link readers to your professional social media accounts/webpages, delete if not required
- Do not link to personal social media accounts
- You may wish to generate a QR code to take the reader to an associated publication or other related website, see <https://www.qr-code-generator.com/> or similar sites